

Aufgabe 1 $P = \frac{1}{x+y^2+1}$, $P_y = -\frac{2y}{(x+y^2+1)^2}$ (P. 7. 2011)

$Q = \frac{2y}{x+y^2+1}$, $Q_x = -\frac{2y}{(x+y^2+1)^2}$ \uparrow gleich \Rightarrow wegzunabhängig

$F = \int P dx = \ln(x+y^2+1) + C(y) \Rightarrow \frac{2y}{x+y^2+1} + C'(y) \stackrel{!}{=} Q \Rightarrow C'(y) = 0$

$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{F = \ln(x+y^2+1) + K}}$ $\int P dx + Q dy = F \Big|_{(0,0)}^{(1,1)} = \ln(3)$

Aufgabe 2 $H = x + 2y + \lambda(x^2 + y^2 - 5)$, $H_x = 1 + 2\lambda x = 0$
 $H_y = 2 + 2\lambda y = 0$
 $H_\lambda = x^2 + y^2 - 5 = 0$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} y = 2x \\ \text{und} \\ x^2 + 4x^2 - 5 = 0 \\ \Rightarrow x^2 = 1 \end{array}$

Ans: Kritische Punkte sind $(x,y) = (1,2)$ und $(-1,-2)$.

Aufgabe 3 $\left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} 1 & 3 & -1 \\ 0 & -4 & 4 \end{array} \right) \Rightarrow \underline{\underline{\alpha = 2, \beta = -1}}$

Aufgabe 4 $\left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & a & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2a & -1 & -a \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 \end{array} \right)$
 $\underline{\underline{A^{-1}}}$

Aufgabe 5

$\det(A - \lambda I) = \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - 3 = (\lambda - 3)(\lambda + 1) \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 3, \lambda_2 = -1$

$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1093 & 1094 \\ 1094 & 1093 \end{pmatrix}$